

# Greywater Treatment in a Living Wall System

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Bauhaus-Universität Weimar

15th International Specialised Conferences on  
Small Water and Wastewater Systems

17.10.2018

bauhaus institute for infrastructure solutions (b.is)

## Facing new conditions in our world

### Climate Change



- Heat Periods
- Drought
- Heavy Rain

### Air Pollution



- Health risks
- Destruction of building surfaces

### Reduced Biodiversity



- Extinction of Species
- Food security

### City Densification



- Storm water management
- Network overload

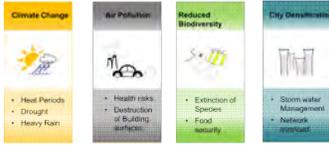
### Way of concept

Analysing Problems

Critical Thinking

Solution to all problems

Party



### Real Way of Concept

Mad idea at Party

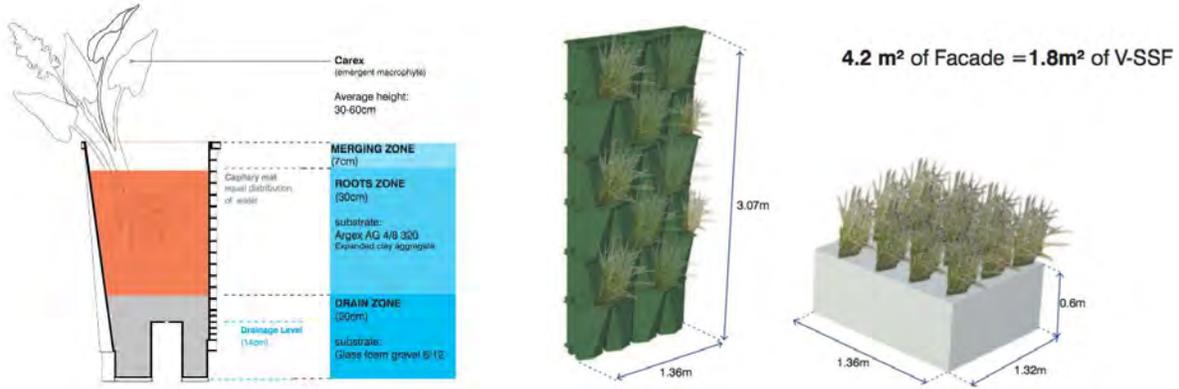
Sober Thinking

Feasibility Study

Could solve a lot of Problems



Technical Concept – Panos Sakkas (TU Delft)



Source : Master Thesis P.Sakkas  
available from: <http://resolver.tudelft.nl/uuid:76db9490-22d8-4739-a2b3-dcdc4def67c2>

Technical Concept – Panos Sakkas (TU Delft)



**4.2 m<sup>2</sup> of Facade** (one component)

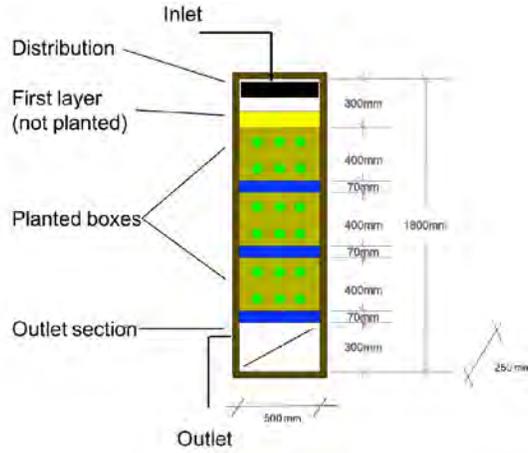
- Treats **105,6lt/day** of greywater (HLR=60lt/m<sup>2</sup>/day)
- = **120%** of daily greywater production per capita in the Netherlands
- = **29%-43%** saving on water consumption

	38.5 cm	23.5 cm	14.5 cm
	LWS with water treatment	LWS planter boxes	LWS mineral wool
NET WEIGHT	242 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	> 150 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	40-60 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
WATER	OUT > 60 lt/m <sup>2</sup> /d	IN 1-5 lt/m <sup>2</sup> /d	IN 1-5 lt/m <sup>2</sup> /d

Source : Master Thesis P.Sakkas  
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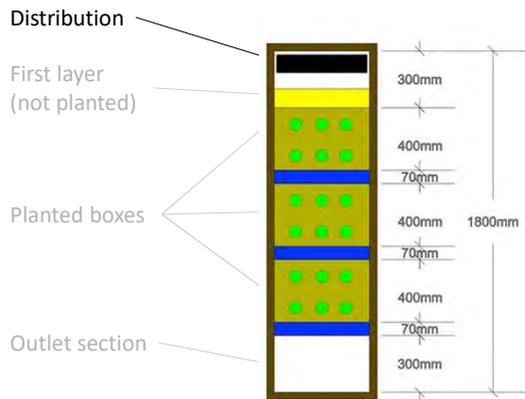
### The Bauhaus Eins Design – Principals

- First priority : Greywater treatment →
- Low weight module →
- Modular structure →
- Low level of maintenance →
- (Suitable plants) →



Total surface	: 0.9 m <sup>2</sup>
Planted surface	: 0.6 m <sup>2</sup>

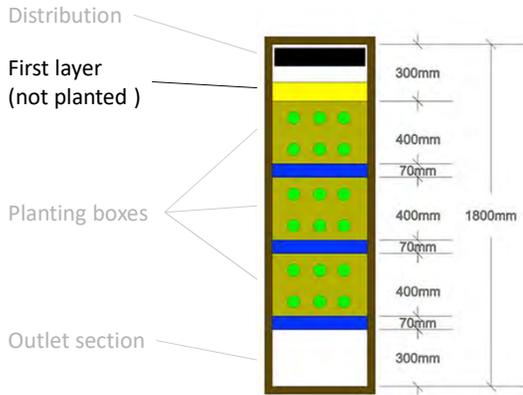
### The Bauhaus Eins Design - Distribution



Distribution System (own design)



### The Bauhaus Eins Design – First (biofilm measurement) layer



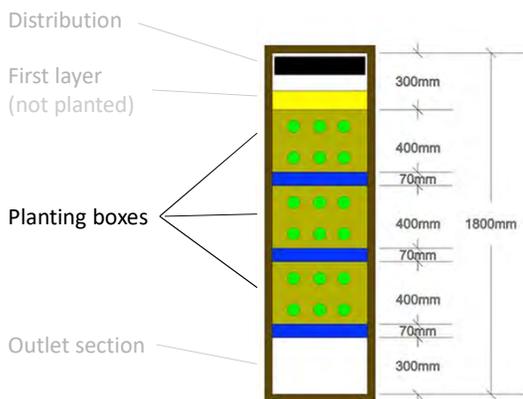
Filter Material Expanded Pumice Granulate (EG)



Filter Material Rockwool (RW)



### The Bauhaus Eins Design – Planted Boxes

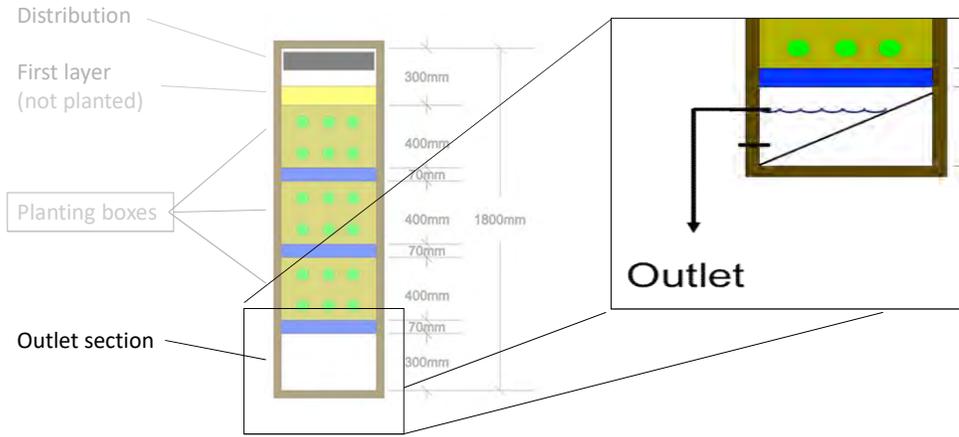


Removable Planting box



Dimension : 0.5 x 0.4 x 0.25 [m] (l x h x d),  
 45 l usable space, 1.8 kg each empty drawer  
 Initial weight :  
 Rock wool  
 Filled + plants + 1.2 l H<sub>2</sub>O = 4.1 kg  
 Expanded granulate :  
 Filled + plants + 1.2 l H<sub>2</sub>O = 9.4 kg

The Bauhaus Eins Design - Outlet section



The Bauhaus Eins Design – En vivo

The pure structure

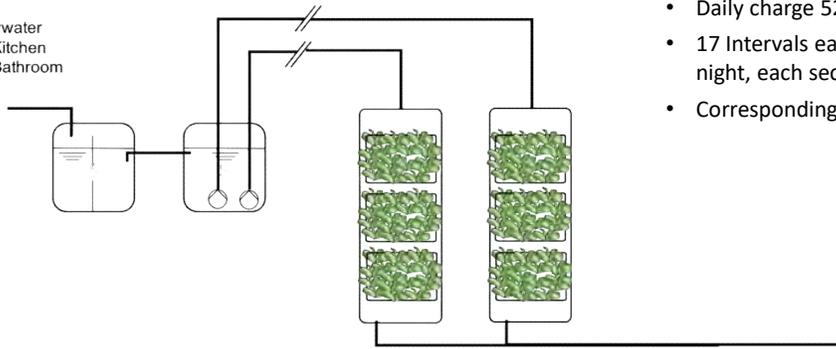


Test installation with expanded granulate (right) and rock wool (left)



## Field test setup

Greywater  
2 x Kitchen  
1 x Bathroom



Settlement tank

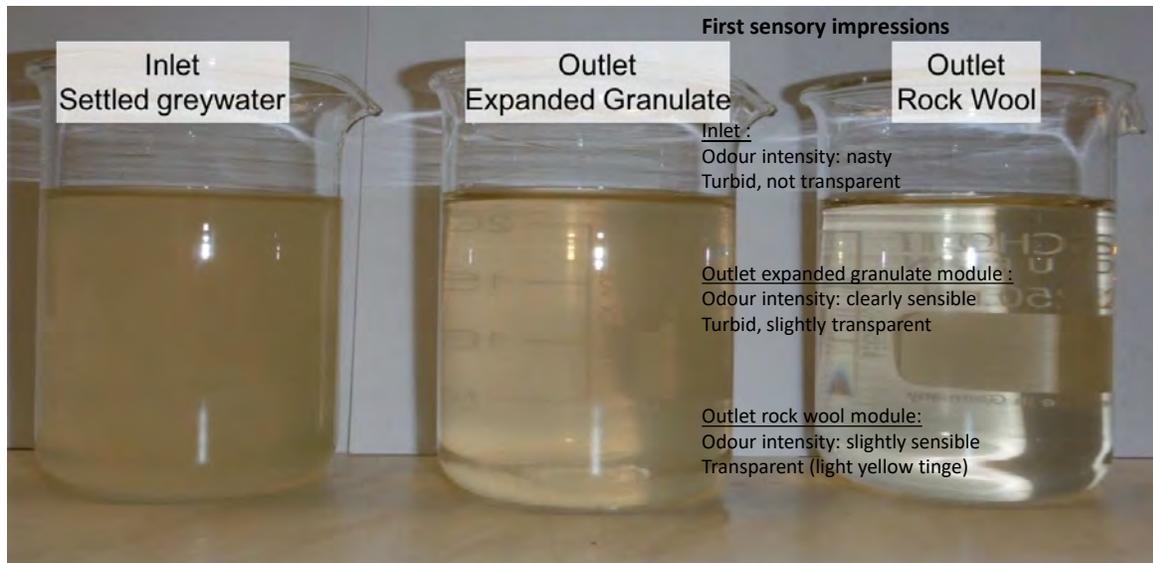
Collecting Tank

LWS-Modules

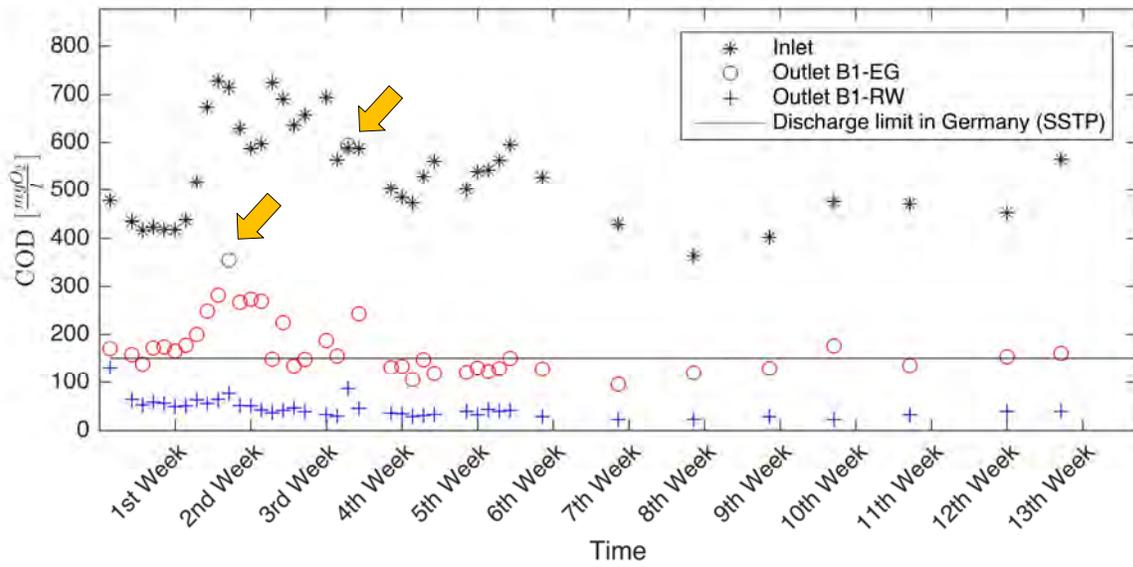
### The trial setup :

- Settled greywater was used
- Daily charge 52 l each module
- 17 Intervals each day (each hour per night, each second hour in daytime)
- Corresponding sampling at 9 am

## First visual and sensory results after 2 days with regular regime



COD reduction while test trial - Expanded Granulate (B1-EG) and Rock Wool (B1-RW)



Outlet expanded granulate – The first flash after blackout 24.7.2017

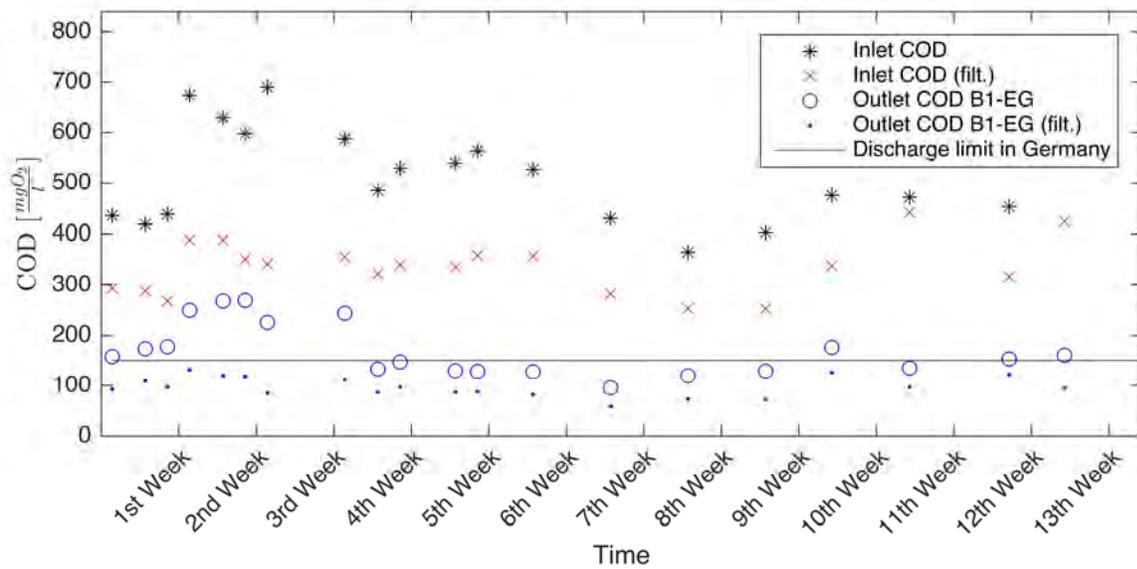


Outlet B1-EG (24-7-2017)



Outlet B1-EG (24-7-2017)

### Total and dissolved COD reduction while test trial - Expanded Granulate (B1-EG)

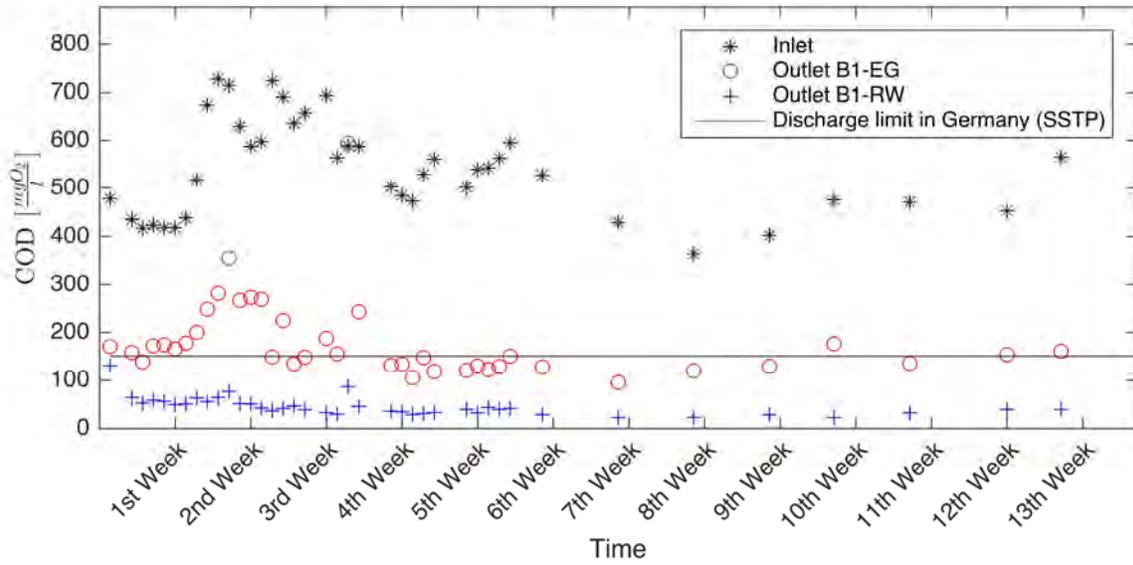


### Visual results of the outlet of expanded granulate – Nature interferes



Outlet B1-EG (8-8-2017) – Probably mosquito larvae

COD reduction while test trial - Expanded Granulate (B1-EG) and Rock Wool (B1-RW)



Visual results of the outlet of rock wool after 5 weeks of operation

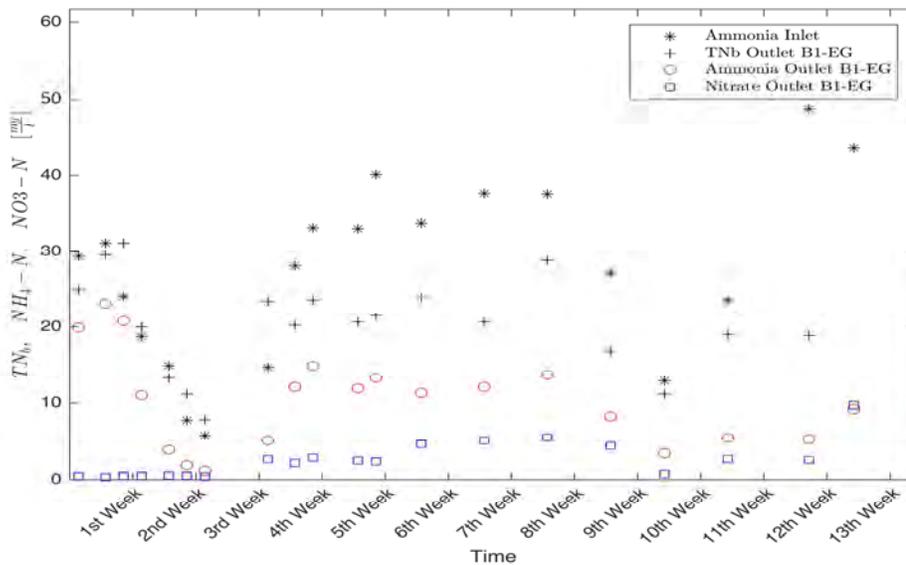


Outlet B1-RW (8-8-2017)

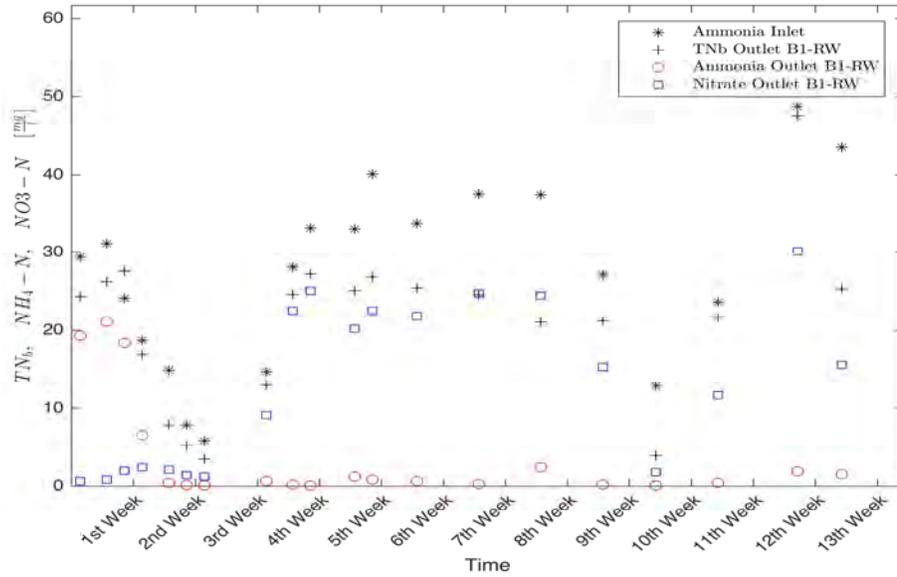
COD/BOD reduction over the test trial

Parameter	n	Unit	Inlet			Outlet B1-EG			Outlet B1-RW		
			M	SD	Mdn	M	SD	Mdn	M	SD	Mdn
COD	40	[mg/l]	539	99.0	534	181	88.1	153	45	19.9	40
Efficiency	40	[%]	-	-	-	<b>67</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>93</b>
COD <sub>filtr.</sub>	20	[mg/l]	334	52.5	338	96.9	19.7	95.3	33.3	9.4	32.5
Efficiency	20	[%]				<b>71</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>91</b>
BOD	18	[mg/l]	365	73.0	370	106	42.5	92.5	16.1	12.4	11.5
Efficiency	18	[%]				<b>71</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>96</b>

Nitrogen fraction while test trial – Expanded Granulate (B1-EG)



Nitrogen fraction while test trial – Rock Wool (B1-RW)



Visual results of the plants – Expanded granulate

26-6-2017



1-9-2017



## Visual results of the plants – Rock Wool

26-6-2017



1-9-2017



## Some Conclusions

### Expanded granulate :

The general system works, but in the way of a trickling filter

More hydraulic retention time is highly recommended

New outlet/settlement/catchment for the biological sludge

Low water holding capacity of expanded granulate – pump failures effects plants severely

### Rock wool :

The general system works, but in the way of a biological activated filter

The module probably tolerates feed up to 75 l/d

High water holding capacity, robust against pump failures

**Greywater is highly applicable as irrigation water for special LWS – no additional nutrients are needed even the outlet is rich of nutrients**

**LWS can resolve or relive a lot of problems mentioned on slide two**

Thank you!

Special Thanks to:

Paul David Burkhardt  
Patrick Engel  
Jörg Londong



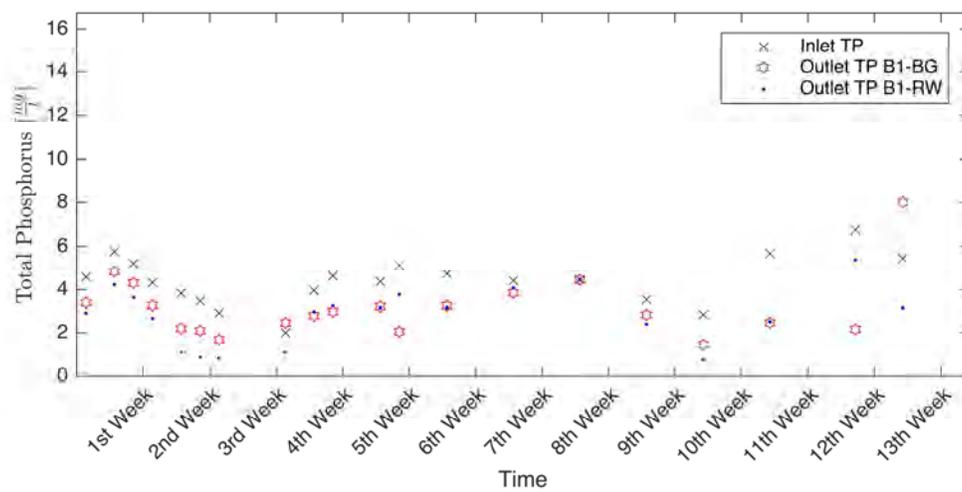
6-10-2018

## Results of the plants

Plant	B1-EG	B1-RW
<i>Sedum album</i>	S/P/S+	S/D/S+
<i>Trollius pumilus</i>	S/D/S	S/D/S
<i>Bergenia cordifolia</i>	P/S+/PP	S/PP/PP
<i>Myosotis palustris</i>	S/D/D	PP/D/P
<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>	PP/PP/PP	P/D <sup>1</sup> /P
<i>Heuchera micrantha</i>	PP/PP/P	P/P/P

1) Already dead at insertion

## Results phosphorous both modules



## Results for the pH

